

## AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

### Primary Responsibilities

The Board of Directors has established an Audit Committee to review:

- \* The Company's accounting policies;
- \* The content of financial statements;
- \* Issues relating to the controls applied to the Company's activities;
- \* The conduct, effectiveness and independence of the external audit;
- \* Risk management and related issues; and
- \* Compliance.

### Composition

The Audit Committee is composed of three non-executive Directors all of whom are independent being Mr A F Guy, Chairman, Mr G J Kraehe and Mr J Paterson.

### Frequency of Meetings

The Committee is to meet at least twice a year. Meetings to be held in January and July would have a primary role to review and approve the content of the Company's public reporting obligations, notably the half year report, the annual report and related Australian Stock Exchange reporting.

### Key Activities

The key activities of the Audit Committee cover the following matters:

1. Public Reporting Communications – Review of material required to be provided publicly (that is, Annual Reports, Half-Yearly Reports, ASX Appendix 4E, as appropriate).
2. Corporate Governance Issues – Review the Company's corporate governance policies and practices to ensure that they are consistent with best practice and to consider them in light of the corporate governance policies and practices that the Company applies to the companies in which it invests.
3. Risk Management Issues – To consider the Company's risk management policies and practices as they relate to investment risk, concentration risk, operational and physical risks and other matters.

4. External Audit Relationship – To oversee the relationship with the Company’s External Auditors. The Committee reviews the scope of the audit and the proposed fee. It also reviews the cost and scope of other audit related tax compliance services provided by the audit firm to ensure they do not compromise independence. Other non-audit services would not normally be provided by the external audit firm. However, if for special reasons such services were to be proposed, the Audit Committee would review the proposal to also ensure they did not affect the independence of the external audit function. The Committee also conforms to Corporate Governance best practice regarding audit partner rotation every five years.
5. Accounting Principles and Practices – Review of the Company’s accounting principles and practices and in particular any proposed changes to those principles and practices and to consider any special treatment of unusual transactions.
6. Internal Controls – Review of the Company’s internal controls relating to its accounting activities including the effectiveness and/or any weaknesses or breaches.
7. Compliance – To review the Company’s policies and practices in meeting its legal and regulatory compliance obligations including continuous disclosure requirements to the Australian Stock Exchange, reporting to the Australian Securities Investment Commission and the Australian Tax Office.
8. Management Oversight – In private discussions with the External Auditors in the absence of the Company’s executives, to review the effectiveness of the Company’s management and staff in meeting the Company’s requirements in the areas related to the Audit Committee’s oversight.

Updated: 8 May 2008